

vessel was sent here at the instance of the United States marshal, Alexander H. Tyler, together with her officers and crew, who were lodged yesterday afternoon in Moyamensing prison.

The first officer and crew of the *Washington's* barge, late of Philadelphia, another alleged slaver, were also brought here, by Lieut. Walker. The *Albert* lies off the Navy Yard, and looks like any thing but a slaver. I believe there were 22 persons committed to prison.

A SLANDER.—The editor of the (whig) Independent, charges the democratic party with claiming the honor of passing the notorious and unequal tax law, that was enacted at the last session of the Ohio Legislature, for the benefit of incorporated monopolies. This we must positively deny, and consider a man as deviating far from the bounds of truth, and also seizing upon an opportunity of placing a stigma upon the pure and unsullied principles of our party, that will charge upon the democracy the desire of being the framers of such an unjust law. An editor that will slander an opposing party, by such means will resort to the other and more contemptible measures for political effect. If we shall be permitted to use the expression, we say "Heaven forbid" that any good and true democrats should ever give credence to a law, that is oppressive to the poor laboring citizens of the State of Ohio. We know that no democrat would do such things, to court the favors of the wealthy bankers, as have the whigs.—*Democratic Guard.*

POLITICAL HONESTY.—It has become quite too common a maxim among men who have no rule of right but their own selfish desires, that "all's fair in politics," and much of the disgust felt by pure men at the strife of parties, result from the evils consequent upon the practical use of this unprincipled maxim. To many minds it justifies men in doing for party what no earthly power could excuse if done for themselves. For our part we believe that he who cheats and deceives the public, no matter what may be his motive, is a villain. There never was a time when the end sanctified the means; to believe so is to confound all ideas of right and wrong.

Once let the practice of injustice of any kind become familiar, and it leaves the whole character with corruption; and he who cheats the public as a partizan, would but for the laws and popular opinion, do the same wherever his private interest would appear to be the gainer.—*Kalida Venture.*

British Movements in Canada.

The following article, which we take from the Chicago Democrat, is important, showing as it does the movements of our old enemy in the north, and putting the American people on their guard against one of the most insidious nations on the face of the earth.—Our attention should be constantly directed to Canada, which is the citadel of British power in the West—a citadel not long, we trust, to be held by its present masters, and not long to have an European flag waving over it. With the sentiments of the concluding paragraph from the Democrat, we heartily concur.—*Statesman.*

'Some weeks ago an article appeared in this paper, under this head, which did not set well on the stomachs of the official journals of Canada, but the material facts they did not deny. They undertook, however, to ridicule the whole matter by a technical objection to the expression 'Highland Dragons,' and their echoes this side of the line, joined in the cry.

'Upon making further enquiries, we learn that the expression 'Highland Dragons' referred rather to the fact that the soldiers had been recently imported from a station in the Highlands of Scotland, than to the fact that they were Highlanders born, or were Highlanders in stature. But it is immaterial where they were born, or where they came from, whether they were mounted or on foot. All we Americans want to know is that some kind of troops are there. The question then arises, what are they there for? As to the statement that Great Britain is trying to get our Indians away, it is confirmed by the Indians themselves, now at Macinac, awaiting for their payment. Not only so, but persons who have been at Drummond's Island this season, and are acquainted there, say that the diminution of the Indians is plainly perceptible. Again, the Canada papers themselves boast of the great increase of the Indians to the Manitouline from Drummond's Island. They may equally loudly boast of the great accession of negroes, which are kidnapped and run over the lines by our abolitionists. The British, the Indians, and the Negroes compose the modern tripartite alliance against the extension of freedom on the American continent.

'The name of the Steam Ship, lying in ordinary at Penitanguishine is 'The *Mines*.' If it has been off, this season,

it has not been known on the American side. There is another very small steam ship to which our article did not allude. When the American steamship Michigan was in the Sault Ste. Marie region, this summer, this little concern, whose name we have lost, followed along in her wake to see what she was about, but was not seen by the Michigan, as one of her crew informs us. She has been in the St. Mary's river several times, and was seen by the crew and passengers of the Gen. Scott—a steamboat plying between Macinac and the Sault—on her trip about the 25th of August. She had no business of any kind whatever, either in the shape of carrying freight or passengers. Again, the British are about commencing a Port at Port Sarnia; the terminus of the contemplated western railroad from Kingston, at the foot of Lake Huron, nearly opposite to the American Fort Gratiot.

All these matters are of the highest interest to us who look forward with certain assurance to that not far distant day when the Canadians like the Texans will free themselves, or in case of a war, will be taken by us and be annexed of their own free will to the Great American Confederacy. Had the same lenity been shown to our citizens volunteering in the cause of the 'Canadian patriots' that there was towards those volunteering for Texas, Canada would already be free, and her citizens saved from the degradation of being kept in subjection by negroes stolen from the penitentiaries of the South.—In another Canadian outbreak, God save the northern frontier from Gen. Scott! Give it Gaines, Jessup, or any body else!

A CHANGE.—Ten years ago Nicholas Biddle was sitting in a marble palace in Philadelphia, the banking house of 'the monster,' 'calm as a summer morning,' and confident in his strength—directing the hostilities of the whig party, and applying the power of his high moneyed engine to the overthrow of Gen. Jackson and the democratic administration of the country. That institution was then considered the Gibraltar of federalism, and the rock of its defence. It furnished the 'sinews of war' to those who were battling against the Constitution; it bribed Congressmen; it corrupted presses; it purchased legislative immunities; it was the pride and the soul of a corrupt system—the fear of patriotic hearts—the great Diana of whiggery, and the head of the 'craft' by which speculators have their wealth. Its friends declared it rooted in the American soil, that it was as honest and necessary, as it was powerful—and that it would 'stand a monument of wisdom, when Andrew Jackson would be remembered as an enemy to his country.' But ten years have worked a striking change in the position of the parties. Andrew Jackson and Nicholas Biddle both 'sleep with their fathers.' The palace of the princely banker still rears its marble columns—but the priests of Mammon, the Inquisitors that jestingly 'turned the screws,' on honest industry and legitimate trade, the votaries of legalized self who ministered to the monster and lived upon its bounty, have been swept away by the American tide that purified its walls. The hydra has been slain, but all the waters of Lethe could not wash out the name of Jackson which is coupled only with praise; and the fortress that assailed his integrity, that labored to turn the indignation of the people from itself their real enemy, against him, their real friend—is now shrouded in crape at the death of that brave and good old man; and the whole country acknowledges the justness of the tribute. There is a moral in this that will not be lost on reflecting minds.

INTERESTING FROM MEXICO.—Just as we are going to press, we learn that the government has received some interesting information from the capital of Mexico to the 23d August, and from Vera Cruz to the 30th, inclusive. It is said from the capital that the new cabinet is considered as opposed to the war; and, even if it were otherwise disposed, it has not the means to carry on a war; that it is with the greatest difficulty it can raise the means of defraying its necessary expenses; and that the war excitement is going down daily among all parties.

The accounts from Vera Cruz of the 29th state that there has been a retrograde movement in regard to the invasion of Texas—General Paredes absolutely refusing to march with his forces (seven thousand troops) towards Texas; that he has himself repaired to Mexico, and others have followed his example. The opinion was pretty well established at Vera Cruz, that the Mexicans will never attempt to cross the Rio Bravo: that they have made all the bluster they can; that they are without money, without credit; and consequently powerless, and that they are, moreover, on the eve of a revolution, which will overturn the present government.

Accounts of the following day (the 30th August) from Vera Cruz repre-

sents that there can be no doubt of a plan being nearly ripe to overturn the present government; and that General Paredes, with Tornel and Valencia, propose forming a triumvirate. It is said that Gen. Paredes cares nothing about federalism, but intended to make himself dictator.

The French minister has actually asked for his passports—the government having refused to grant him the satisfaction he demanded. News of the anticipated revolution was expected every mail at Vera Cruz.

Thus pass off the gasconades and blusters of Mexico! In what an elevated position does our country stand, in comparison with her; and our bold and prompt administration, with its wise precautionary measures, compared with the hesitating, discouraged, dispirited, disorganized, and revolutionary army and officers of Mexico!

These incidents in our foreign relations are destined to have an important and excellent influence upon our domestic policy.—*Washington Union*, Sept. 15.

School Examiner's notice.
The Board of School Examiners will hold their examination of School Teachers at the Court House on Wednesday, the 23d day of Oct. next, at ten o'clock, A. M.

LUTHER DAY, Clerk.

Ravenna, Sept. 20, 1845.

Bank Note List.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

OHIO.

Belmont of St. Clairsville,	par
Bank of Cincinnati,	par
Chillicothe,	par
Circleville,	par
Circleville (chartered in 1818)	par
Cleveland,	par
do Receivers checks before 1st of Jan.	par
Clinton Bank of Columbus,	par
Columbiana,	par
Commercial Bank of Cincinnati,	15 dis
Commercial Bank of Scioto,	par
Commercial Bank of Lake Erie,	par
Dayton,	par
Farmers' Bank Canton,	20 dis
F. & M. Bank of Steubenville,	par
Franklin Bank of Cincinnati,	par
Franklin Bank of Columbus,	par
German Bank of Wooster,	par
Gaugas,	par
Gallipolis,	par
Granville	50 dis
Hamilton	15 dis
Lebanon Miami Banking Co.,	par
Lancaster,	par
Lafayette Bank Cincinnati,	15 dis
Marietta,	par
Massillon,	par
Mech's & Traders Bank, Cincinnati,	10 dis
Manhattan,	par
Mount Pleasant,	par
Muskingum,	par
Miami Exporting Co.,	35 dis
Norwalk	par
Ohio Rail Road Co.,	par
Ohio Life and Trust Co.,	par
Sandusky,	par
Steubenville	50 dis
Urbana Banking Co.,	par
West Union,	par
Western Reserve,	par
Washington,	par
Wooster,	par
Xenia,	par
Zanesville,	par

MICHIGAN.

Bank of River Raisen,	par
Michigan Insurance Co.,	par
Merchants' Bank Jackson,	par
Oakland County Bank,	par
All other banks,	no sale
Michigan State Script,	25 dis

WISCONSIN.

Insurance Checks,	5 dis
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MISSOURI.

State Bank and Branches,	5 dis
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CANADA.

Solvent banks,	5 dis
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NEW YORK.

Safety Fund,	par
Bank of Buffalo,	50 dis
Commercial Bank of Buffalo,	2 dis
Commercial Bank Oswego,	2 dis
Clinton County Bank,	2 dis
Bank of Lyons,	2 dis
Oswego Bank,	2 dis

PENNSYLVANIA.

Eric Bank,	2 dis
Bank of Chambersburg,	2 dis
Bank of Lewistown,	2 dis
Bank of Gettysburg,	2 dis
Bank of Middletown,	2 dis
Carlisle bank,	2 dis
F. & D. bank Waynesburg,	2 dis
Harrisburg bank,	2 dis
Honesdale bank,	2 dis
Lebanon bank,	2 dis
Miners' bank Pottsville,	2 dis
W. br'h bank Williamsport,	2 dis
Wyoming bank Wilkesbarre,	2 dis
York bank,	2 dis
Erie Relief Notes,	5 dis
Pittsburgh do,	5 dis

KENTUCKY.

All solvent Banks,	2 dis
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NEW JERSEY.

All solvent Banks,	par
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VIRGINIA.

Bank of Norfolk,	5 dis
F. Bank Richmond and branch,	5 dis
N. W. Bank Wheeling and branch,	5 dis
Valley Bank and branches,	5 dis
Va. Bank Richmond and branch,	5 dis
Mer. and M. Bank Wheeling,	par

NEW ENGLAND.

All solvent Banks,	par
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INDIANA.

Indiana State Bank,	2 dis
Indiana State Scrip.,	10 dis

ILLINOIS.

State Bank and branches,	30 dis
Shawneetown,	35 dis

EXCHANGE.

Specie (selling rate),	1 prem
Exchanges on New York,	1 prem
do Buffalo,	1 prem
do Pittsburgh,	1 prem

LIBERTY TICKET.

For Representative,
MARCUS F. SPELMAN, of Edinburgh.
For Representative for Portage & Summit.
HORATIO L. CARTER, of Brimfield.
For Commissioner,
IRA GARDNER, of Freedom.
For Treasurer,
CHAUNCEY B. CURTIS,
of Charlestown.
For Prosecuting Attorney,
TIMOTHY R. DICKINSON,
of Randolph.
For Poor House Director,
JOHN PERKINS.

Abby Kelley, Federal Con.
"Democratic Whig" (white
Black Bird) Sc. Sc. Ticket.

For Representative,
THOMAS C. SHREVE,
For Representative of Portage & Summit,
DAVID McINTOSH.

For Commissioner,
CALEB CARLTON.

For Prosecuting Attorney,
ROBERT F. PALNE.

For Treasurer,
ENOS P. BRAINARD.

For Director of the Poor House,
ISAAC SWIFT.

Married.

In Streetsborough on the 13th inst. by Albert
Weatherly, Esq. THOMAS LEWIS to MARY
KENTFIELD, all of Streetsborough.

In Brimfield on the 18th inst., by Arba Twitchell,
M. LEVI SAWYER to Mrs. ELIZA W.
TAYLOR, of Brimfield.

Died.

In this village on the 24th inst. CHARLES,
infant child of John G. and Amelia McBride,
aged 5 months.

In Hartford, Trumbull county, on the 9th inst.
MR. SAMUEL BATES, aged 31 years.

PROCLAMATION.



ANNUAL ELECTION.

The Qualified electors of Portage county,
Ohio, are hereby notified to meet at the
usual places of holding Elections, in their
respective Townships, on Tuesday, the four-
teenth day of October next, between the hours
of eight o'clock, A. M. and four o'clock, P.
M. of that day, for the purpose of electing
One Representative in the State Legislature.
One Representative in the State Legislature
(in common with Summit county.)
One County Commissioner,
One Prosecuting Attorney,
One County Treasurer, and
One Poor House Director.

Grand and Petit Jurors.
Notice is also hereby further given to the
Trustees of the several Townships, that the
following is the Annual Apportionment and
number of Jurors which they are required to
return with the Poll Books for the year 1845.

Apportionment of Jurors

Among the several Townships in the County
of Portage, made in conformity to the Act
entitled "An Act Relating to Jurors," on
the first Monday of September, A. D. 1845.

TOWNSHIPS.	White Males.	No. of Jurors.	No. of Jurors to be returned.
Aurora,	227	5	2
Atwater,	192	4	3
Brimfield,	247	5	4
Charlestown,	194	4	3
Deerfield,	260	5	5
Edinburgh,	231	5	4
Franklin,	304	6	4
Freedom,	217	4	4
Hiram,	253	5	4
Mantua,	279	6	2
Nelson,	342	7	5
Palmyra,	322	7	6
Paris,	251	5	4
Ravenna,	357	7	5
Rootstown,	212	4	4
Randolph,	380	8	7
Suffield,	283	6	5
Shalersville,	281	6	3
Streetsborough,	246	5	5
Windham,	209	4	2

N. B. For duties of Trustees in this case,
see revised Laws, page 309. Section 21 of
the Election Law, requires that the Poll
Books be returned to the Clerk within two
days after the Election.

Given under my hand at Ravenna, this third
day of September, A. D. 1845.

DANIEL W. JENNINGS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, }
Portage County, Ohio, } 3w10

FISH.—White fish, Trout and Siakawit,
just received and for sale by
H. L. DAY & Co.
August 18, 1845.

DRIED CURRENTS.—For sale by
GILLETTE & Co.
June 1845.

JUST RECEIVED BY

C. PRENTISS

AND FOR SALE at his WAREHOUSE

A large and superior article.

A large Superior Pickerel, a large and su-

perior article.

White Lime,

White Plaster,

King's Water Cement, warranted,

Whitney's Superior Flour, \$4.50

Ravenna, July 9, 1845. 61f.

SWIFT & HATCH.

SWIFT & HATCH are now receiving di-
rect from New York, another extensive
assortment of

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, together with
a choice lot of **FAMILY GROCERIES.**
Also a fine lot of Paint, Varnish, White wash
and stripping Brushes, and in short nearly every
thing usually found in Drug Stores, which
were purchased for cash and for cash we can
and will sell as low as any other establishment
in this section of the country. We would
particularly invite Physicians, Painters, Hat-
ters and clothiers to examine our stock be-
fore purchasing elsewhere, as we think we
can do what they will call for, thing in
quality and price.

Ravenna, Sept. 17, 1845.

P. S. We have a pound or two of that 50
cent T which there is so much talk about.

SWIFT & HATCH.

STONE COAL.

CYRUS PRENTISS has just received at
his warehouse Portage County of Mount
Vernon Stone Coal of a superior quality for
smith and general use. call and try it.
Ravenna, Sept. 9, 1845.

THE STATE OF OHIO, } Court of Common
Portage County, ss. } Please vacation after
June Term A. D. 1845.

Isaac Wilson }
vs. } In Chancery.

Rees T. Howell & Merideth H. Thomas,
IN pursuance of an order of the Court of
Common Pleas of the said County of Portage
and State of Ohio at their June Term A. D.
1845 said Rees T. Howell and Merideth H.
Thomas are hereby notified that on the 30th
day of June A. D. 1845, Isaac Wilson of
Deerfield in said County of Portage, filed in
said Court a Bill of Chancery against the
said Rees T. Howell and Merideth H. Thomas
the object and prayer of which Bill is that
an account may be taken of how much is due
on a certain article in writing made by one
Gaius Smith of Palmyra in said County, to
said Howell and Thomas and by said Gaius
Smith on the seventh day of March A. D.
1844 assigned to said Isaac Wilson, said ar-
ticle being an agreement; on certain condi-
tions therein stipulated, for the sale of one
hundred and one acres and sixty-nine rods of
land, on lot No. 39 in the Township of Paris
in said County, and that the amount so found
due on said article may be paid to the said
Isaac Wilson or that their interest in the same
be foreclosed and for general relief, and the
said Rees T. Howell and Merideth H. Thomas
are further notified that unless they appear
plead, answer or demur to said Bill within six
days after the next Term of said Court the
said Isaac Wilson at the next Term after the
expiration of said sixty days will apply to
said Court to take the matters of the Bill as
confessed and to decree thereon accordingly.

LUTHER DAY,
Sol. for Complainant.

Sept. 9, 1845. 8w15.

CORN.—C. PRENTISS has just received a
Boat load of old corn and a portion of it
is not engaged and is for sale.
Ravenna, Sept. 3d, 1845. 141f.

COMBINATION EXTRA.

WE will pay 12 1/2 cents per pound for good
Butter. GILLETTE & Co.
Ravenna, Sept. 3d, 1845.

FASHIONABLE FRENCH

BOOT & SHOE MAKING.

THE subscribers have ta-
ken the shop formerly
occupied by Ledyard &
Booth, 3 doors south of
C. Prentiss' Store, and
are prepared to do all
kinds of work in their line
in the best style. [We keep constantly on hand
a general assortment of
BOOTS AND SHOES
manufactured at our shop, expressly for
this Market.
MOLOWNY & SHANAHAN.
Ravenna, Aug. 20, 1845. 121f.

SCYTHE SNATHES, (Lampsons,) just
received by GILLETTE & Co.
June 1845.

NAILS.—All sizes, just received and for
sale by CILLETTE & Co.
June 1845.

SALT for sale by GILLETTE & Co.
June 1845.

TO PRINTERS.

Type Foundry and Printers' Fur-

nishing Warehouse.

THE subscribers have opened a *New Type*
Foundry in the city of New York, where
they are ready to supply orders to any extent,
for any kind of Job or Fancy Type, Ink, Pa-
per, Cases, Gallies, Brass Rule, Steel Col-
umn Rule, Composing Sticks, Chases, and
every article necessary for a printing office.
The Type which are cast in new moulds,
from an entire new set of matrices, with deep
counters, are warranted to be unsurpassed by
any, and will be sold at prices to suit the
times. All the type furnished by us is "hand-
cast."

Printing Presses furnished, and also Steam
Engines of the most improved patterns.

N. B.—A Machinist is constantly in at-
tendance to repair Presses and do light work.

Composition Rollers cast for Printers.

Editors of newspapers, who will buy three
times as much Type as their bills amount to,
may give the above six months insertion in
their papers, and send their papers containing
it to the subscribers.

COCKCROFT & OVEREND, 68 Abchurch
Lane, London.

The Fund Commissioners,

WILL meet at the Court House on Fri-
day, September 26th, to receive inter-
est on Surplus Revenue. Their regular
meetings hereafter
of March, June
and
September.
MOSBY
WILL

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